

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 19

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, June 28, 1934

No. 11

SYRUP, Rogers, 5 lbs.	39c
TOOTH PASTE & BRUSH, Listerine	33c
JAM, Loganberry	47c
We Have a Bargain in Westons Biscuits, All Nice and Fresh	
TOMATOES, 3 cans	37c
TOMATOES, fresh hot house, 2 lbs	35c
All Kinds of Fresh Fruit Now In	

Acadia Produce Company

Rice, 3 lbs.	20c	Carrots, 2 for	15c
Beans, 5 lbs.	25c	Cocoanuts	10c
Apricots, fresh, per lb	10c	Cantalope each	18c
CHUCK ROAST BEEF, per lb.			
	09c		

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Local Newslets

Mr. Wes. Sellers was a Calgary visitor last week

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Davies of Colholme entertained on Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Trogen, Mr. H. Trogen, Mr. & Mrs. M. L. Chapman and daughter Lorna, Winnie Murray and Mrs. M. C. Nicholson.

A wedding dance was sponsored by the groom, Mr. Guss Cook, on Friday evening, June 22, in the ball room of the hotel. There was a very good crowd in attendance. At the close a delicious lunch was served. A very enjoyable evening was spent by those present.

Chinook Beauty Parlor

Miss Mae Petersen, Prop.
Phone 5, CHINOOK

Meet
Your
Friends
At

The Chinook Hotel

Printing

LETTERHEADS
ENVELOPES
STATEMENTS
TICKETS
POSTERS
HAND BILLS

Remember, we can fill all your requirements in the line of printing.

The Advance

Chinook Sports Day Held Wed., June 27 Successful Gala Event

Consort Wins Ball Tournament

Owing to weather conditions the Chinook Sports Day had to be postponed on two occasions, finally being held last Wednesday. It proved to be a very interesting affair, with six teams entered in the base ball tournament and four in the soft ball.

Because of the number of teams entered it was only possible to play five innings for the first three games and seven for the finals.

The first game started at 1 o'clock between Scottfield and Chinook. This was a closely contested game all through, there being no score until the last of the fifth, when Code got a two base hit for Scottfield and was then scored by Hughs. This eliminated Chinook from the tournament.

The second game between Oyen and Sibald also proved very interesting with Oyen getting one run in the first and third innings while holding Sibald scoreless.

The game between Consort and Acadia Valley was very keenly contested as these are two particularly strong teams, the battery on both sides doing most of the playing. Consort getting one run in the fifth inning ending the game in their favor.

In the semi-final the first game was between Scottfield and Oyen. There proved to be a little more hitting in this game, the score ending 5-4, allowing Oyen to go into the finals.

In the final game the Consort aggregation proved too strong for the Oyen boys, getting six runs the first time at bat, a lead they were never able to regain. Consort winning the final game and tournament.

Soft Ball

The four teams entered in the soft ball were: Keith Stone, Farming Valley, Laughlin Whizbangs and Chinook.

In the first game Chinook won from Laughlin 1-0. The next game saw Keith Stone trounce Farming Valley to the tune of 10-0. In the final game Keith Stone proved a little too strong for the local boys winning the final game 1-0.

Children's Races

In this event the Children were very enthusiastic as every child entering won a prize, the winners of course winning a larger prize.

In the evening a dance was held in the ball room of the Chinook hotel was enjoyed by a comparatively small crowd.

Wedding Bells

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Nordon, (nee Edna B. Parker) who were married at the Westbourne Baptist Church, Calgary, June 17th, Rev. Morley Hall officiating. They are leaving to attend the Summer Session at the University, Edmonton.

Miss Mildred Milligan left Wednesday night for Munson where she will visit for a few days with friends.

Chinook and district was visited with another heavy soaking rain on Tuesday afternoon. During the whole month of June the rainfall has come in abundance.

Parents Warned Babies Property of Germany

Stone Figures Unveiled As Reminders of Motherhood—Weigh 600 Tons.

Berlin—Shoppers and tourists on their way back to work recently stopped in amazement in the Arnswalder platz, one of the large squares in the suburbs of Berlin.

A pink stone woman, 18 feet high, had been placed in the middle of the square clasping a pink stone baby to her bosom.

The figure was the porphyry sculptures which Prof. Ledder has prepared for the great "fountain of fecundity," which is to stand in the centre of the square as a perpetual reminder to German women of the attraction of motherhood. They had just arrived from the professor's studio and had been lowered into position by chains and cables.

About 60 tons of stone are being used in the building of the monument. It will cover an area of about 70 feet by 55 feet.

Meanwhile a claim that children no longer belong to their parents but to the state is made by Reich "Youth Chaplin," Karl Friedrich Zahn.

Chaplain Zahn was entrusted by Bishop Mueller, the Nazi priest, with the task of effecting a merger between the Hitler youth and the evangelical youth organizations.

Writing in the Evangelical press service he says:

"Children are no longer the private property of individuals, but belong to the German nation. Anybody who does not acknowledge this fact must send his children abroad, as many have sent their gold abroad, in order to remove them in time from the scene of the German regeneration."

Ladies Aid Meeting

A meeting of the Ladies' Aid was held Thursday last at the home of Mrs. Shier.

The meeting opened with the singing of "Tell Me the Old Old Story," with Mrs. McKenzie at the piano. Thereafter the minutes of the last meeting were read, and the correspondence dealt with.

It was decided to accept the invitation from Cereal Ladies' Aid to attend the farewell given at Cereal, Monday night in honor of Rev. and Mrs. Woolatt, who leave Wednesday for their new home at Mirrort.

An invitation from Cereal Ladies' Aid to attend the induction of Rev. Donald McGregor as pastor of the joint charge, to be held June 29, was also accepted.

Mrs. McKenzie and Mrs. Rideout were appointed to meet a committee from the Sunday school to arrange for a joint picnic in the near future.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in cutting print patches for the quilt which is to be made for the Fall Bazaar.

A delicious lunch was served at the close of the meeting.

The next meeting will be held July 12 at Mrs. Lee's home.

Alberta Honey, 5 lb. pail	65c
Pat Tea, 1 lb. package	42c
Rice, choice white, 3 lbs.	2 10
Fairy Soap, 5 bars	23c
I. B. C. \$ Sodas, wood box	34c
Ginger Snaps, 200 for	25c

Chinook Trading Company

Let Us Supply Your Needs For:

A Cheap Closed Car We Have It

A One Way Disc For Summerallowing

Genuine I. H. C. and John Deere Plow Shares

COOLEY BROS.
Implement Headquarters
Phone 10 Chinook, Alberta

Are
The Goods
That You Buy
ADVERTISED?

Advertisements
Are A Sure
GUIDE
to Value

Merchandise must be good
or it could not be
Advertised.

**BUY
Advertised
GOODS**

Finest Quality Reasonably Priced

"SALADA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

De-Bunking Mysteries

One of the traits which keeps humanity young and adds a zest to the more act of living, is man's capacity for wonder, his somewhat naive curiosity in freaks, and his enthusiasm for the unusual or phenomenal in nature.

It can scarcely be called a characteristic distinguishing home sapiens from the beasts of the field or forest, for the domestic cat or dog (to mention species coming within the range of everyman's experience) shows a strangely similar capacity when confronted with something strange in its immediate environment. By test of paw or teeth, it ascertains whether the new experience is good or bad; just as man will, by more complicated experiments, test it, in the true attempt to rob the mysterious of its mystery.

There is a reason, of course, for this outburst.

Strange, every aquatic monsters have been sighted in diverse corners of the globe. Reporters concerning them have been considered of sufficient interest to warrant publication all over the world. A British Columbia lake provided the first thrill of the present series—a thrill which became familiar in everyone's mouth under the euphonious title "Ogopogo". The ocean, not to be outdone by a mere inland lake, immediately produced another of these strange denizens of remote waters, which, christened "Cahobasaurus", to fix the credit of its habitat to Vancouver Island, quickly acquired a popular name. As "Cady" it attracted as much attention from reporters and the general public, during its brief occupancy of the spotlight, as have the Quebec quintuplets of more recent and certain origin.

France next came to bat with a claim on behalf of its particular pet, seen as through a glass darkly, but acclaimed a monster, a freak, a lusus naturae, or a throwback. The world was agog with speculation as to what manner of things these visioned creatures were.

The sea serpent of myth and anecdote never attained such repute as the new genera. The sea serpent was too easily explained. It was either a snake which had strayed from its forest lair to essay adventure on the briny deep, or it was the gnarled and twisted trunk of a fair sized saphen which ocean currents induced with similitude of life.

This was less easily explained. It discoveries, whether in British Columbia, France, Scotland, Brazil or elsewhere—all stressed the fact "Ogopogo", "Cady" or what-have-you was different! Scientists were interviewed by representatives of the popular press, and unguarded moments suggested it was a relic of pre-historic times hurled across the ages, in some inexplicable way, into A.D. 1933 or 34.

It is to be regretted that Scotland should have been visited by one of these unknowns. The hard-headed Scot, on occasions such as the anniversaries of Burns, may indeed be prone to vain imaginings and uncanny visions, but in his normal state, he is, essentially, "from Missouri". Loch Lomond, which has induced many poems, caught the fashion. It produced a freak seen from its "bonny banks". But when Loch Ness sought to uphold the dignity of salt-water—that was too much for the practical race north of the Tweed. It (the Loch Ness monster) was photographed—and strange, indeed, it looked! A scientist subjected the picture to piercing scrutiny—and the mystery was gone. It was, in his opinion, the photograph of the fluke of a killer-whale, too modern an animal, foreseen, to be acclaimed in competition with the million year throwbacks which imagination had created.

Until another wave of freak discoveries hit the pages of our newspapers, then, we must content ourselves with Alley Oop's dinosauro as a constant reminder of things that were before man was endowed with his amazing capacity to wonder.

Air Base For Bermuda

Record Rayon Output

Regular Quarantine Between
Quarantine Islands And
Mainland

Bermuda is going right ahead with its provisions to establish an air base. Legislation has been prepared to assist Imperial Airways to operate a regular service between these islands and the mainland.

The two islands, Darrel's and Burt's, part of Warwick Parish "vested in her late Majesty Queen Victoria her heirs and successors forever for quarantine purposes" have been appropriated as landing bases.

The government would contribute \$15,000 for construction and equipment of the port, according to the sum paid by the port, according to the bill before parliament.

A maximum of £3,620 would be paid to Imperial Airways each year for upkeep of the flying service. The sum would be paid to that company either alone "or in conjunction" with another company or organization giving service by aircraft between these islands of the North American continent."

All plant supplies and equipment used in construction would be admitted free by the government. The provisions would remain in force until December, 1940, the bill provides.

Light rays, X-rays, heat rays and wireless rays all travel at the same speed but vary in length.

United States Led Last Year With
Japan Second

The world's production of rayon yarns aggregated 659,500,000 pounds in 1933, the largest output on record, according to figures released by the Textile Organon, official publication of the Textile Chatillon Corporation. Last year's output compares with a previous record of 530,220,000 pounds produced in 1932. The United States, with a total of 207,580,000 pounds, as against 134,815,000 in the preceding year, led all countries. The most interesting development was the rise of Japan, which did not enter the rayon field on a large scale until 1932, to second place, with a total of \$99,500,000 pounds. Great Britain followed with \$40,000,000 pounds and Italy was fourth with \$18,000,000 pounds.

All the most injurious grasshoppers in Canada shed their skins on an average of five times during the course of their development. The grasshopper's skin does not keep pace with the growth of the insect, so this pest goes through the several processes of molting by hanging upside down attached by its legs to some support and slowly wriggling out of its old coat.

There have been no major changes in outlines of the oceans and continents since earliest times.

Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic
Cramps and Stomach Pains

Prompt treatment with Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in such cases relieves the pains, checks the looseness of the bowels, and thus does away with the suffering, the weakness, and often times the collapse associated with attacks of this kind.

It does this by checking the too frequent and irritating stools, settling the stomach, and bracing up the weakened system, thus making it a remedy for the treatment of bowel complaints of both young and old.

On the market for 88 years—you do not experience when you use it.

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



X-Ray Motion Pictures

Newly Perfected Camera Shows
Bones In Process Of Knitting

Broken bones are now shown in the process of knitting by x-ray motion pictures which are made by a new camera perfected by Doctor Arthur C. Pillsbury, naturalist and photographer of the University of California. Doctor Pillsbury's camera works on the same principle as the one used to photograph the unfolding of flowers, taking a series of single pictures at intervals, of a movement imperceptible to the human eye, and then running them off as motion pictures to show movements which may have taken several days, all encompassed in a few moments. The first motion picture made with the x-ray camera showed the growth in the interior of a rose. It took seventy-two hours to film, as only one picture at a time could be made with baggage and express 1,000 miles in thirteen hours and on \$17 worth of fuel is something new. It promises the railroads a new lease of life, capital new enterprise and labor new work. Best of all, it promises the traveling public more for its money.

We have needed something of the sort for five years. With all the experimenting little has occurred to thrill people. By and large they have been forced to fall back on the hope that the best which could be done was to rearrange what they had on hand.

Progress, which should be considered as synonymous with prosperity, is not made of that kind of stuff.

We are not going to find better living conditions, much less happiness, by doing what we have always done in a different way. That is where political remedies fall.

Progress is a matter of invention and achievement.

Take this streamline train, for instance, and what does it imply?

It implies the scrapping of billets in rolling stock, the substitution of crude oil for coal, the abandonment of steam locomotives for Diesel engines, a great consumption of aluminum and a reduced consumption of steel, different operating and mechanical methods, the mobilization and training of new crews, and a multitude of other drastic readjustments.

Postal Rocket Tested

Will Speed Delivery Between Britain
France And Ireland

The world's first postal rocket has been tried out near London by the postal authorities and judged second.

Deep secrecy veiled the experiment with the rocket which, invented by Gerhard Zucker, German expert, was said to be the forerunner of a service calculated to give Great Britain one-minute postal contact with France and three-minute contact with Ireland.

The rocket will carry 1,200 letters, bearing special stamps, it was learned. It will be trained on Calais from Dover, or else across the Irish Sea, and the letters will be posted at the nearest postal point to where the rocket falls.

The speed of the rocket is estimated at 20 miles a minute.

Quer Thing About Prices

B.C. People Pay As Much For
Apples As Londoners

It costs just as much to buy an apple in London or in the Soudan desert as it does in some parts of British Columbia. This is another of those "Believe It or Not" statements but it may be believed because it is absolutely true and the mischief of the situation is that there is no immediate method of remedying it.

It does seem absurd, that while apples are grown by the millions in one section of this province, still so far as another section just a few hundred miles distant, is concerned, these apples might as well be grown on the Canadian river face of Mars—Country Life in B.C.

Experimented Two Years

Watchmaker Drilled Hole Through
Fin From End To End

Henry Huss, watchmaker for the past 25 years in Minto, Ontario, has succeeded in drilling a hole through a common pin from end to end without breaking it. Huss has been experimenting for the past two years, and the hole made with a fine drill is just large enough to thread a hair out of a man's head through it.

The pin was put on display in his window and caused a great deal of interest. It is believed this is only the second time this has been accomplished in Canada, a watchmaker in Toronto having succeeded in doing it.

The supply of gossip seems never to equal the demand.

W. N. U. 2052

Dr. Wernet's Powder For
FALSE TEETH

A Joy To All Users

Can't Slip or Slide

Sprinkle on Dr. Wernet's Powder and you won't have to think about your false teeth all day long. Joyous comfort is yours. Eat anything you want—indeed you may even skip the meal. Forms protective cushion for sensitive gums. Leaves no colored, gummy substance keeps mouth sanitary, breath pleasant. Used by dentists, most noted dentists. The drug is small—the comfort great. Any druggist.

Means True Progress

Strangling Train Promises Railroads

New Lease Of Life

M. E. Tracy in an article in the New York World-Telegram, says, carrying eighty-five passengers together with baggage and express 1,000 miles in thirteen hours and on \$17 worth of fuel is something new. It promises the railroads a new lease of life, capital new enterprise and labor new work. Best of all, it promises the traveling public more for its money.

We have needed something of the sort for five years. With all the experimenting little has occurred to thrill people. By and large they have been forced to fall back on the hope that the best which could be done was to rearrange what they had on hand.

Progress, which should be considered as synonymous with prosperity, is not made of that kind of stuff.

We are not going to find better living conditions, much less happiness, by doing what we have always done in a different way. That is where political remedies fall.

Progress is a matter of invention and achievement.

Take this streamline train, for instance, and what does it imply?

It implies the scrapping of billets in rolling stock, the substitution of crude oil for coal, the abandonment of steam locomotives for Diesel engines, a great consumption of aluminum and a reduced consumption of steel, different operating and mechanical methods, the mobilization and training of new crews, and a multitude of other drastic readjustments.

Cenotaph Dedicated

Canadian Legion Holds Impressive
Service At Portland, Oregon

Flags from the United States, Great Britain and Canada, fluttering from a single flagpole, symbolized peace among English speaking nations at a memorial service to the British Columbia command of the Canadian Legion. This service was the high point of the day's Rose festival program at Portland, Oregon.

To those of both Canada and the United States who died in the World War was dedicated the permanent cenotaph, from which the flagpole sprired.

"This is a gesture of international friendship," said Brig.-Gen. Alex. Ross, president of the legion. "It is perhaps unique because this is the first time a nation has erected a memorial to both the dead of a neighboring nation and its own dead."

A troop of Royal Canadian Mounted Police drew great applause when they marched on foot in the Canadian legion parade. Killed bugle bands, drum corps and legionnaires paraded with uniforms and colors of two nations.

The first pumpkin pies were made by cutting a hole in the pumpkin, extracting the seeds and fibrous matter, stuffing the cavity with apples, spiced sugar and milk, and then baking the whole.

"I don't know what to make of the lettuce in my garden," says a correspondent. He had better consult a salad recipe book.

United States, Brazil and Mexico are three most populous nations in the western hemisphere.

Heat of stars is measured by a device weighing only one one-thousandth as much as a drop of water.

MATURITY—MATERNITY
MIDDLE AGE

At these three critical periods of life a special medicine can be demanded on. That's why so many take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. 98 out of 100 say, "It helps me! Let it help you, too!"

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUNDSeeking Formula To
Control Wheat ExportsYoung Alberta Man Playing Alchem-
ist For Wheat Growers

Liked an alchemist of old seeking a formula for transforming base metals into gold, a young red-headed Canadian, in a modern setting, is searching for a formula which will effectively control wheat exports and establish a minimum world wheat price system.

Andrew Calrus, product of an Alberta farm, University of Alberta graduate and wheat pool statistician in turn, has won distinction unique as chairman of an international wheat commission created to better the lot of farmers of five nations.

Through his interpretation of complex wheat production problems, "Andy" has won appreciation and praise from United States and European co-workers. Quiet-spoken, deliberate in his thinking, this 35-year-old student from the Canadian prairies understands the language of the wheat rancher and has found his niche in directing the distribution of a world wheat supply under the London wheat agreement.

His genius for organization has brought him a personal power where world wheat problems are discussed. At Rome and at London he has matched wits with the shrewdest wheat traders of four continents. Through his devotion to an ideal, a world-wide appeal is being moulded into an economic entity.

He is the possessor of a doctor's degree from the University of Minnesota and was honored with the 35th anniversary of the Canadian Legion, the first British Dominions poet to be so honored, and the first poet so honored since Tennyson, beside whom his bust stands.

A memorial volume by Mayor Douglas Sladden, on whose petition the monument has been erected, has been published, giving the story of Gordon's eventful life, his one love affair, and his tragic death.

Gordon sailed to Australia "in the wild old days" and "became a successful policeman, a horseback and trainer, a member of parliament, and the most famous steeple-chase rider Australia has ever known."

He died by his own hand in 1870. Burdened with debts, and depressed by the news that he had lost the case for the recovery of his ancestral lands (as head of the Gordon's of Hailsham in Aberdeenshire) he went out into the scrub and shot himself—the day after he had published his last book of poems, "Bush Ballads and Galloping Rhymes."

An Unusual Hobby

Englishman Has Wonderful Collection
Of Match-Box Tops

A nephew of Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, Major Pat A'Beckett, of Old Foulger Inn, Speen, a Buckinghamshire village, owns the largest collection of match-box tops in the world. He has 22,000 different tops, and they cover every available inch of space on all the walls in three rooms at his home. He has been collecting them for many years, and has travelled almost the world over in search of new designs. He has some of the first match-boxes which came into use, and a history of world progress can be traced in the colorful designs on the match-box covers which form a unique wallpaper at his country inn. A few years ago, ex-King Alphonso, who is also an enthusiastic match-box top collector, paid a visit to Major A'Beckett and spent several hours inspecting his display. But ex-King Alphonso's collection was limited to a mere three thousand!

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

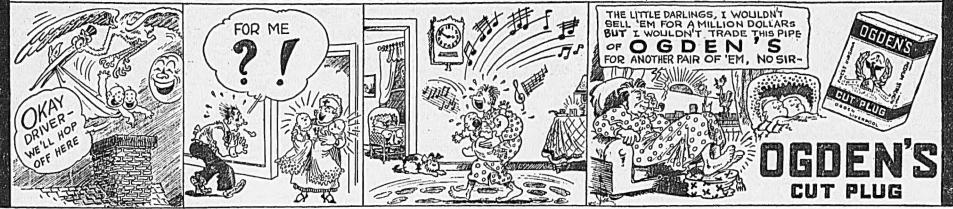
The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

The average cost of producing hay on the Dominion Experimental Farms in the Prairie Provinces has been \$8.99 per acre, or \$2.23 per ton for a yield of 1.44 tons per acre. Considerable variation in cost has occurred on different experimental farms, the cost per acre having ranged from \$5.93 at Swift Current to \$11.19 at Morden, while the cost per ton has varied from \$4.47 at Brandon to \$8.42 at Indian Head.

OGDEN'S "Alls well that Smokes Well"

by LOU SKUCE



OCCASIONAL WIFE

By EDNA ROBB WEBSTER

Author of "Joretta," "Lipstick Girl" Etc.

SYNOPSIS

Camilla, Hoyt and Peter Anson, young and in love, marry secretly, deciding to live their own lives apart until Peter is able to provide for her. Peter is a successful young man, trying to win a competition for a scholarship abroad and Camilla is the adopted daughter of a wealthy family. She is not to inherit money when the competition is over. She is studying commercial art in the hope of landing an agency job. Others in the story are Avis Werth, another wealthy girl who is trying to win Peter; Mrs. Todd, Peter's mother, and Gus Matson, the friend room-mate with whom he has quarreled. After a party at an exclusive club, where the rest of the members of the party are in cabaret to continue the gaiety, Peter and Camilla slip off to the beach by themselves and fall asleep on the sand. When they awoke it was early morning. Avis and another boy are standing near them. This makes it necessary for Camilla to announce before the party that she and Peter are married. Camilla urges Peter to tell Avis of her marriage to hold it along, but Peter refuses and they quarrel. After Camilla has gone from the studio, Avis Werth calls and summons Peter to tell him that he has \$1,000. Peter Panishes his exhibit and asks Avis and Camilla for suggestions as to a name for it. Camilla suggests "Eager Youth," and Avis (inspiration) Peter adds "the Occasional Wife" and Camilla's heart sick goes to Peter's studio for quiet and to think. Peter and Avis follow later, and as the lights are turned on to see the statue has been shattered to pieces. Avis accuses Camilla of the act, and Camilla, stunned by the disaster, and hurt and horrified by the accusation, faints.

At Camilla's suggestion, Peter enters as his exhibit a statue he had sculptured especially for her as a wedding gift. They named it "Land of Hope".

(Now Go On With The Story)

CHAPTER XLIX.

Peter refused to comply with Camilla's plans that he should come to her apartment for a week of rest, and to get away from his work.

"What's the big idea of that?" he wanted to know. "Nothing for me

HOW TO
KEEP COOL

Take an effervescent glass of pleasant-tasting Andrews Liver Sal, when you begin to feel the heat. At once you will feel cooler—and you'll stay cooler. Andrews not only quenches thirst, but cools your blood. Taken occasionally—say, once a week—it will keep you fit by purifying your system and insuring regular and complete elimination. At all drugists. In tins, 35c and 60c. New, large bottle, 75c. Sole Agents: John A. Huston Co., Ltd., Toronto, 26

It will be delighted with
Appleton PAPER PRODUCTS
HAMILTON, ONTARIO

It dusts—as it cleans
—as it polishes.

SOAKS IN DEEPER

Because the new instant Rit possesses one element that no other dye or the possesses, it soaks the color right in. Dissolved completely, it penetrates the fabric evenly . . . and last, and lasts, and lasts.

FREE! Send the front of 2 RIT Packages for FREE copy of "The A B C of Home Rug Making," by the Borden Co. Ltd., 40 Dundas St. W., Toronto.

YOU HAVE BETTER LUCK
WITH
RIT
NEW!
No longer a soap!
Dissolves instantly.

W. N. II. 2052

to do there, and you are away all day."

"But it's a pleasant place to rest and I thought it would be a good change for you."

"Say, I'm no invalid. I have to be busy—doing something. You don't suppose I'm going to wait around for that exhibit prize, expecting to win, do you?" He laughed ironically.

"From now on, I am going to accomplish something worthwhile. I already have a standing order from Avis, and I'm going to get to work on it."

At every mention of Avis' name Camilla experienced a shock of pained remembrance and hate. There could be but one explanation of her ready accusation of Camilla after the tragedy. She was trying desperately to separate her from Peter's love. Camilla held fast to the belief that she never could do that, however. Peter was changed, but not because his love for her had changed. It was his work and anxiety and then the final crushing disappointment, that had made him seem distant and gloomy. She only pulled him and yearned to do something for him which would restore him to the normal bonny Peter of the spring-time of their love.

His remark about starting work on some sculpture for Avis brought to her mind reclusive visions of their hours of consultation and planning together. Avis would make the most of that opportunity, which was undoubtedly her reason for having Peter do the work. Of course, she was glad for Peter to have a good friend like Avis, just now when he needed definite encouragement, she tried to assure herself. But there was no denying the significance of the situation. She tried to appear interested, as she would have been in any other such prospect.

"What kind of things are you doing for her?" she inquired casually.

"I don't know. Some studio stuff for her, and garden pieces for her mother. That is what I've got to get busy and find out. It means that I'll have to go to the Werth's for tea and inspect their gardens with an alert eye to what is lacking in my line, suggest and plan with them. It's a good start, anyway."

He agreed, however, that Camilla's plan for an afternoon and a picnic supper in the woods on Saturday was a jolly idea, and Camilla hoped prayerfully for a glorious autumn day for their first opportunity of the kind in a long time. Providence was kind and provided a perfect atmosphere.

It was the kind of autumn day that had inspired poets to sing of golden sunshine, flaming foliage, nodding gentians—the grand finale of nature's triumphal symphony of the harvest, of another season's work nobly and abundantly completed. It was a day which gave to the soul content, the mind peace and the heart a glowing gratitude for the mere privilege of life. The very air breathed indolently of relaxation after work accomplished, of imminent promise of reward—the very antithesis of the hope and ambition of the springtime.

Peter and Camilla paused in their struggle of doubts and fears and ambitions, and left that world of strife behind them when they boarded a bus for a wooded park ravine outside the city, equipped with only a small compact hamper into which Camilla's skill had stowed all the requirements for a broiled steak dinner.

A considerable walk from the highway tired them just enough to promote that delicious sense of lazy relaxation when they had reached the selected spot and dropped down in a shaded retreat beside a rushing brook. Its busy, gleeful song at the water tumbled over rock barriers and regarding obstacles, undaunted, resolute, toward its destination, seemed to mock their vain and futile questionings of destiny; to chide their restless impatience and petty bickerings. It challenged them to meet life as it followed its course, determined, but merrily, with a song.

Peter stretched his long body on the grass and rested his head in Camilla's lap, while she twined her fingers in the golden waves of his hair and stroked his cheek lovingly.

Dry, colorful leaves rustled in the trees above them or scurried with the wind down the course of the brook's streambed. At intervals, leaves dropped softly and gracefully from branches overhead, fluttering in lazy spiral curves to join their gleeful companions that danced and rustled on the ground. Birds called cheerful greetings through the foliage, chirped contentedly together; far sounds echoed clearly in the bright, metallic air that was a flood of golden sunlight.

Avis and the perplexing difficulties of life seemed very far away. Even the recent tragedy which had cast so dark a shadow upon their happiness, seemed more remote and inconsequential. Strange that man, held and lord of so much grandeur and peace that nature provides, should struggle so desperately to add to that heritage the less lovely, grosser possessions of his discontented imagination. But someone started it, so all possibility had to follow; and in the march of centuries, the pace has grown so rapidly that many have forgotten even the object toward which they are pressing on, on.

In that hour of complete surrender to the elemental forces about them, these two minute atoms in the mighty mass of mankind seemed to recapture some of the hope and confidence with which they had begun their life together, a few months earlier. Confidence in each other and in themselves, courage to press on, ultimate promise, beckoned them with new gladness.

"It won't be long now," Peter told her gently, "until I can take care of my girl right. We'll forget all about Peter and perhaps, some day. But that isn't now. I'm going to work like a slave—not on a chance, but with the kind of solid opportunity that all work should have, and as soon as I have paid my debts and get something ahead we are going to take a house somewhere in the country or the lake, where I can work and you can do nothing but play and us and inspire me. That shouldn't be so very far away, lovable."

"I hope it isn't," Camilla agreed. "But that time, I shall have proved to myself either that I can or can't succeed in my own work, and then I'll be ready to resign and just Peter Anson's wife."

"And will that be a big enough ambition for you?" he asked anxiously.

"That is my greatest ambition and it isn't such an idle one as you may think," she laughed.

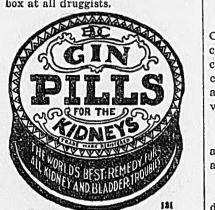
"My precious!" The declaration reminded her of those early days of their marriage. It didn't seem possible that so many unpleasant and tragic things had happened since then. He continued, quietly. "I guess you're right. It takes a woman with brains and some cleverness to keep a man in line, in step and inspired with the cause; to march forward, show courage, keep faith and win out. But I picked a woman who can do it if anyone can."

"Dear Peter," Camilla laughed fondly, "you could do all that alone, without me; but with love, the adventure will be so much more worth the effort."

"Don't I know it? That is all that makes it mean anything."

They never referred again to the catastrophe, of the broken figure, never ventured to guess who might have been responsible. It was so futile, anyway; the thing was done, Camilla's skill had stowed all the requirements for a broiled steak dinner.

Sure Signs
of kidney troubles are pain in the back, difficult urination, deposits in urine. Gin Pills relieve kidney trouble by easily soaking and healing the inflamed tissues. Get a box at all drugists.



an irreparable loss. And each of them was reluctant to enter into that hideous void of doubt and accusation and wonder where they had faced each other once for just a few horrible moments. They evaded that experience with dread.

This delightful solitude of shared understanding and faith was so much in keeping with the beauty of their love, that they kept within its boundaries even as one who drives along a smooth highway without venturing into uncertain by-roads and dangerous places.

Together, they collected dry wood for a crackling, sizzling fire, watched the gray smoke curl upward and the red coals emerge which drew them near the growing warmth with the early retreat of the sun and the bright approach of twilight.

Peter broiled the two club steaks on a diminutive grill over the fire, their succulent flavor mingled with the aroma of bubbling coffee, pungent smoke and sharp tang of autumn air. They dined leisurely in the fire-light, and turned again reluctantly toward the strife of toil and heartache, building fortunes and dodging traffic that is known as civilization.

(To Be Continued)

Will Not Be Exhibited

Inventor Consents To Suppression Of Death Ray Machine

An outstanding invention of the century, a death ray machine, will not be exhibited at the National Inventors' Congress at Omaha, Nebraska, President A. G. Burns, Oklahoma City, told delegates.

The invention has been suppressed by the United States government, with the consent of the inventor, Burns said. He said the machine, capable of killing birds in flight two blocks away, was perfected by Dr. Antonio Longoria, a Cleveland, Ohio, physician and electrical engineer.

"I witnessed a demonstration of the machine, by invitation in Cleveland last October," Burns said. "It resembles a motion-picture projection machine in appearance. Several government scientists were there."

"Dr. Longoria turned the ray on rabbits, dogs and cats. They fell over, instantly killed, their blood turned to water. The same thing happened to pigeons, unloosed and allowed to fly quite a distance. They fluttered to the ground and were dead when picked up."

Because of its terrible death-dealing possibilities, Dr. Longoria, according to Burns, readily agreed with government representatives that the machine be suppressed.

THE RHYMING
OPTIMIST

By ALINE MICHAELIS

LOVE'S CROWN

Nothing of this did you speak, O my love,
When you came my way;
Only your voice was the voice of a dove.

And your words were gay.
Laughter was light upon your lips,
And the east.

Showed the sky all blue;
Garlands you wove for life's waiting feast;
When I went with you!

Nothing of this, O my love, did you tell,
And I tremble now;
Strangely the winds to a tempest call
And the creaking boughs.

Splinters, and falls in the gusts of life.
That are swooping down;
Yet, how is it your garlands frail
Have become a crown?

The United Kingdom remains Canada's most important market for canned foods, taking over 92 per cent. of Canada's total exports of food in the last fiscal year, and over 41 per cent. of the canned vegetables.

There is frequently more power in a woman's tears than in a man's argument.

The most valuable pearls are produced in tropical waters.

A New-Found Continent

Discovered On Pacific Floor By Echoes From Depth Finder

Mountains higher than Mount Everest, huge plateaux twice the width of America, and great depths that drop more than six miles down—these are characteristics of a new-found "continent." This hitherto unknown territory stretches beneath the surface of the North Pacific.

It was discovered by echoes from the depth finder in the U.S.S. Ramapo. The Ramapo has been on a survey of the Pacific ocean bottom. It found that the submerged territory is not marked by steep depths in its separation from North America. In fact, appears to be a raised eastern shoulder of the submerged continent, but the west coast of Asia shows a series of tremendous drops. From north to south in the west portion of the "continent" is a mammoth mountain ridge with towering peaks which are known to Pacific mariners as islands, banks and reefs.

(To Be Continued)

Deer Causes Grief

Jumps Over Railway Cars And Injures Two Men

The antics of a frightened deer sent two men to hospital at Sioux City, Okla. The deer jumped over a speeding gas car on the Canadian National Railways and swept Pete Pohor and Steve Ilchuk off the platform.

The men were found in a dazed condition near the tracks, Ilchuk with a broken leg and Pohor badly shaken up.

Mass Suggestion

Australian School Children At Candy and Thought They Were Poisoned

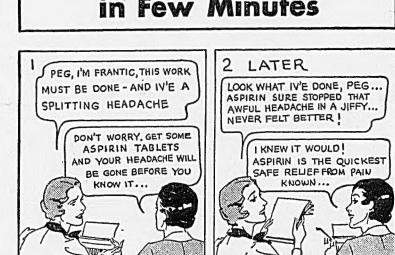
Fifteen Newcastle school children, declaring themselves poisoned by candy, were rushed, writhing in agony, to a hospital in ambulances, a dash from Sydney, Australia.

Physicians examined the candies and pronounced them perfectly harmless. "An amazing example of mass suggestion," said a physician.

A farmer from the 10th century would have had no great difficulty in familiarizing himself with the tools and implements in farm use 100 years ago, as little progress had been made in farm equipment in 900 years.

There are 6,000 deaths annually in the United States from whooping cough.

Ease Pain, Headache in Few Minutes



For Quick Relief Say ASPIRIN—When You Buy

Now comes amazingly quick relief from headaches, toothache, neuralgia, the fastest safe relief, it is said, discovered.

These results are due to a scientific discovery by which an Aspirin Tablet, when dissolved in water, disintegrates, in the amazing space of two seconds after touching moisture. And hence to start "taking hold" of pain it requires no time.

The illustration of the glass here, tells the disintegrates almost instantly after you swallow it. And this is ready to do its pain-relieving.

When you buy, though, be on guard against substitutes. To be sure you get ASPIRIN's quick relief, be sure the name BAYER is in the form of a cross on every tablet of Aspirin.

British Speed Ace Beaten

Youth Defeats Malcolm Campbell In Home-Made Car

A youngster in what was virtually a home-made car had the thrill of beating Sir Malcolm Campbell—holder of the world's fastest land speed record. It happened at Brooklands in the fourth race.

He was W. E. Harker and he proudly called his car a Harker Special. It was driven by two small M.G. engines coupled up with great skill by this young engineer. Campbell's car was the giant Sunbeam, of 3,976 c.c. The Harker Special was only 1,492 c.c.

Campbell started scratch. Mr. Harker in his homemade car had a start of 31 seconds. Campbell drove with all his accustomed skill. He overhauled the whole field, but found his master in Mr. Harker and his Harker car.

Speedy Rail Service

C.P.R. Provides Faster, More Frequent Service Between Regina And Moose Jaw

The Canadian Pacific has inaugurated a special gas-electric service between Regina and Moose Jaw, making seven trips each day fully except Sunday and four trips on Sundays. In addition, fares have been reduced as follows—One way \$1.25, return \$1.85 with special weekend fare of 41.49.

This particularly fast, comfortable service between the two cities should prove very convenient for and popular with the travelling public.

Little Helps For This Week

"Blessed is the Lord who daily leadeth us with benefits." Psalm 48:19.

Source of life's refreshing springs.
Whose presence in my heart sustains me,
They love ordains my pleasantings,
They mercy orders all that pains me.

—A. L. Waring.

When I survey the occurrences of my life, and call into account the finger of God, I can perceive nothing but an abyss and mass of mercies, either in general to mankind or in particular to myself. Those things which others term crosses, afflictions, judgments, or misfortunes, to me who inquire further into them and have ever proved the visible effects they both appear and have ever proved the secret and disseminated favors of His affection.—Sir T. Browne.

Administering The Law

In Central Park, New York, on a forbidden stretch of turf green in the May morning, some children were playing. Suddenly the law swooped down on them, hawk-like; two cops a police car, big with duty, turned their car off the driveway swiftly shot it up onto the lawn and right across it to where the children stood. "Get off the grass!" The children ran. The cops backed their car around and scuttled away. Peace settled down again the little prostrate blades of grass struggled slowly back to their feet.

WHY ASPIRIN WORKS SO FAST

Drop an Aspirin tablet in a glass of water. And this is ready to do its pain-relieving.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.

What is it that makes it do this? Hence its fast action.</

